

## Wellness Matters



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### **Coping With Stress**

April is Stress Awareness Month, a time dedicated to acknowledging the commonality of stress and empowering individuals to manage it effectively. Stress is the body's natural response to an external cause. Common stressors may be financial, social, occupational, or related to life changes. However, recognizing the signs of stress and practicing coping strategies can help one better navigate life's challenges.

Stress is not considered a mental health condition, but it can cause other mental health challenges. It can present itself in emotional and cognitive symptoms, such as anxiety, irritability, mood swings, feeling overwhelmed, and difficulty concentrating. Stress can also manifest as physical symptoms like headaches, fatigue, and changes in appetite or sleep patterns. Stress may even cause behavior changes, such as withdrawal from social activities, increased substance use, procrastination, or neglecting responsibilities.

Remember, stress is a natural response to everyday pressures or demands. Some stress is expected and OK, but prolonged

stress that is not addressed can become a serious health concern. While it's impossible to eliminate stress entirely, you are in control of how you respond. Here are coping strategies to try when you're feeling stressed:

- Plan and prioritize your most important responsibilities.
- Limit interruptions so you don't have to refocus each time you're distracted.
- Take breaks away from your workstation to regroup mentally.
- Listen to music or do a relaxing activity (e.g., reading) to help you calm down.
- Limit caffeine intake, as this stimulant can exacerbate stress.
- Exercise to work off your stress.
- Get at least seven hours of quality sleep each night.

Coping strategies will depend on your stressor, so adjust accordingly. If you're experiencing symptoms of chronic stress, contact your health care provider or employee assistance program for guidance and support.

## 6 Tips to Reduce Overthinking

If you have ever found yourself in a cycle of negative thoughts that do not seem to end, which led you to second-guess your decisions or imagine worst-case scenarios to the point of exhaustion, the chances are that you were overthinking.

Persistent overthinking can cause significant distress and make it difficult to enjoy your life. To alleviate this negative thinking, consider the following six strategies:

- 1. Take deep breaths. Studies show that even two minutes of deep breathing can help turn off the body's stress response, calming the overthinking behavior.
- 2. Meditate. Regular meditation helps clear your mind and reduce stress. Find a quiet area and practice meditation for at least five minutes daily to avoid falling deeply into your worries.
- 3. **Distract yourself.** Highly engaging activities can help you break the cycle of overthinking. Pick an activity you enjoy, such as working out, reading, playing a video game.

  These healthy distractions may deter overthinking.

4. Spend time outdoors.

Immersion in nature can
calm the mind and combat
anxiety and depression. Try
to spend at least 120
minutes per week in natural

environments.

6. Do a reality check.

- 5. Practice self-compassion.
  Forgiving yourself for past mistakes and accepting things you cannot change are acts of self-compassion.
  Be kind to yourself, and remember that you are a work in progress, just like everyone else.
- Remember that thoughts are not necessarily facts. Just because you're thinking something doesn't mean it's accurate or realistic. Talking to a trusted individual can challenge negative thoughts and help you realize whether

what you're overthinking

reflects reality or not.

Contact a mental health professional for further guidance.



# CHOOSE WATER!

## **Soft Drink Facts:**

- Regular soft drinks are calorieladen and contain excessive amounts of sugar.
- Drinking soda actually causes your body to become dehydrated, as caffeine is a diuretic and thus you will take more trips to the restroom.
- The acid in soda can wear away the enamel of your teeth.
- The phosphorous in soft drinks may weaken bones and increase the risk of osteoporosis in adults.

## **Water Facts:**

- One glass of water can eliminate hunger pains.
- Water aids the digestion process.
- Eight to 10 glasses of water each day can reduce back and joint pain.
- Water increases your metabolism and controls your appetite.
  - The most common cause of daytime fatigue is simple dehydration. Water can actually assist you in feeling more alert.
    - Water can prevent and ease headaches.

