

Mental Health Benefits of Dry January

Each January, millions of people around the world commit to “Dry January,” a month-long break from alcohol. While the challenge is often associated with physical health benefits, such as improved liver function, a better immune system, and more energy, it also offers significant mental health advantages. The following are potential mental health benefits of participating in Dry January:

- **Improved mood and emotional stability**—Alcohol is a depressant that can disrupt the brain’s chemical balance, often leading to mood swings, anxiety, and even depressive symptoms. Taking a break allows your body to recalibrate, reducing these fluctuations. Many participants report feeling more emotionally stable and less irritable after just a few weeks without alcohol.
- **Reduced anxiety and stress**—Although alcohol may seem like a quick fix for stress, it often exacerbates anxiety in the long run. Drinking can interfere with neurotransmitters that regulate mood, creating a cycle of temporary relief followed by heightened anxiety. Dry January breaks this cycle, helping individuals experience calmer, more consistent mental states.
- **Boosted self-esteem and sense of control**—Completing Dry January can provide a powerful sense of accomplishment. Setting a goal and sticking to it reinforces self-discipline and boosts confidence. This achievement often translates into a greater sense of control over other aspects of life, which is essential for mental well-being.
- **Better social and emotional awareness**—Without alcohol as a social crutch, people often discover new ways to connect with others and cope with stress. This can lead to healthier relationships and a deeper understanding of personal triggers and habits. Many participants find that they enjoy socializing without relying on alcohol, which can reduce feelings of isolation and improve overall happiness.

Taking a month off from alcohol gives your mind and body time to reset and offers insight into your drinking habits. If you’re considering quitting entirely or have concerns, consult a health care professional.

How New Year’s Resolutions Impact Mental Health

As the calendar turns to January, many people embrace the tradition of setting New Year’s resolutions. While these goals can inspire positive change, they also have a profound impact on mental health—both good and bad. Understanding this dynamic can help you create resolutions that support your well-being rather than undermine it.

Resolutions can provide a sense of purpose and motivation. Setting achievable goals fosters optimism and gives structure to the year ahead. On the flip side, unrealistic or overly rigid resolutions can lead to stress, guilt, and disappointment. When goals are unattainable, failure can trigger feelings of inadequacy or anxiety.

The following are tips for making more mindful New Year’s resolutions:

- **Start small and specific.** Instead of vague goals like “be healthier,” choose actionable steps such as “walk 20 minutes a day.” Small wins build momentum and confidence.
- **Focus on mental wellness.** Include resolutions that nurture your mind, such as journaling, practicing gratitude, or scheduling regular downtime. These habits can help reduce stress and improve emotional resilience.
- **Be flexible.** Life is unpredictable. Allow room for adjustments without labeling yourself a failure. Flexibility prevents unnecessary pressure and keeps goals sustainable.
- **Celebrate progress, not perfection.** Recognize every step forward, no matter how small. Positive reinforcement strengthens motivation and reduces self-criticism.

By setting thoughtful goals and prioritizing your mental health, you can begin the year with confidence and create lasting, positive change.

If you’re feeling overwhelmed or want to explore ways to support your mental health, talk with your doctor to learn more about the benefits available to you.

SHOO THE FLU!

HOW CAN YOU CATCH THE FLU?

The flu is contracted by breathing in contaminated air from someone who has the virus, or by touching something that has the flu virus on it and then touching your nose or mouth.

WHAT ARE THE SYMPTOMS OF THE FLU?

- Sudden onset of fever
- Headache
- Extreme tiredness
- Muscle aches
- Cough and/or sore throat
- Runny or stuffy nose

WHAT CAN YOU DO TO PREVENT THE FLU?

- Get a flu vaccine – the U.S. Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) recommends that all people over the age of 6 months receive an annual flu vaccine.
- Avoid close contact with people who are sick.
- Wash your hands often to protect against germs.
- Avoid touching your eyes, nose, and mouth in case your hands are contaminated with the illness.

